SPEECH OF MR. ADAMS.

THE FRENCH IN MEXICO.

offer of Correspondence Between England and France on the Proposed Congress.

f address from the Hon, E. J. Walker, who called Mr. Hanting to read the Thankegiving Proclama-of President Lincoln. This Laving been done, I was offered up by Mr. Sella Martin, a negro, in

organization of the Executive Department or .] He come to Washington and was qualifrestdont. But President of what He looked adhim on all the branches of the department of Executive Government, and everything seemed to haking unary sim. The looked to the organization sown Immediate department, and he found that rever he toughed it was unusually. see of this and the limitation of the directionate of the concentration. The propelle have reliable to the limitation of the directionate of the concentration. The proper have reliable to the strained of the potent of rections from the content of the content of

Vol. XXIII.....No. 7,081.

g the foundations of it in the integrity of the adminis-ation of the Treasury. He did so. What has been be result? From the degree of feebleness when confi-ence in a Government promise seemed to be shaken al-ost beyond repair, the people have gradually increased gir faith, until they daily rush in swarms voluntarily to fer the money to the Government in exchange for e "obligation" which they are anxious to obtain, heers. Is not that something to be thankful for a time go a step further. When this war broke out the resident looked around to see where was his military

New-York

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1863.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

OPPICIAL CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN FRANC

this inexperiences President first took office. Then the diovernment was almost divided by the property of the diovernment was almost divided by the property of the diovernment was almost divided by the property of the diovernment of the divided by the property of the diovernment of the divided by the property of the country and in the President, now the President, has all the departments of the Government fallaful by him and to the Constitution. The president has not the department of the Government fallaful by him and to the Constitution. The president has not the constitution. The president has not the department of the Government is now able and the pooled willing to go through the trial riumplantly. (Cheers, in all thus change has been effected, all these results have been produced, through the agency of a President has shown ability and capacity of the treasem, then why has this on the part of the President was shown ability and capacity of the then Why has he succeeded in all these them. Why has he shown ability and capacity is then then the property of the divident of the president has a become ability of the tensor. He has succeeded because he has, from the beginning to the end, in president has a become ability of the tensor. The Cheers, in the field of the president has a consideration of the contract of the president has a few and the population of the strength of the theory of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the property of the president has a few and the president has a few and the p

Forest Temporal Chairman, Forest, I'en Eyek, Haris, Howard, Bayerl, Fowell,
Fost-Oppicus And Powell,
Fost-College, Randa-Collemer, Chairman,
Fisca, Randawy, Henderson, Bowden, Connecs, Beckalew,
Fost-College, Hendricks, Wright,
Favarte, Land Chairman, Homeroy, Foot, Hardog, Carliels, Hendricks, Wright,
Favarte, Land Chairman, Harris, Chairman; Summer, Howel, Hayard, M. Donzall.

erd, Beyard, McDongall.

Indian Apparis.—Beolittle, Chalrison: Williamson, Lane
Karsari, Harhan Nemath, Brown, Buckalew.

Presuross.—Fester, chalrison, Lane (Ind.), Pomeroy, Bowlem, Van Winkle, Sanisbury, Buckalew.
Exportrovant Clariso.—Wilkinson, Chairman, Chandler,
Wileys, Nesmith, Wright.
(Lariss.—Clark, Chairman; Howe, Pomeroy, Anthony,
Horrill, Hicks, Hendricks.

Mr. Wilson (Un., Mass.) introduced the following

Mr. Wilson (Un., Mass.) introduced the following resolution:
That the graifude of the American people and the thanks of their representatives in Congress are due, and are hereby tendered to Major-Gen. Joseph Hooder, and to the officers and soldiers of the Army of the Petonic, for the skill, energy and soldiers of the Army of the Petonic, for the skill, energy and rodurance, which first covered Washington and Baltimors from the meditated blow of the advancing and powerful structures of the Reselvance of the Military Committee.

THANKS TO GEN. BANKS AND HIS ARMY.
Mr. Witson also introduced a joint resolution that the thanks of Congress be hereby tendered to Maj. Gen. Nathaniel P. Banks, and the officers and soldiers under this command, for skill, courage and endurance which compelled the surrender of Fort Hudson, and thus removed the last obstruction to the free navigation of the Military Committee.

POET OF ENTRY AT PORTLAND, OREGON.

Mr. NEMITH, (Den., Oregon.) presented a petition for the establishment of a Port of Entry at Portland, Oregon, and gave notice of a bill to establish a branch shat at Portland.

Oregon, and gave notice of a bill to establish a branch mint at Porlland.

THE RECEPTION OF DONATION LANDS.

Mr. HINDERCKSON (Dem., Ind.,) gave notice of a bill to extend the time in which States may receive lands for the establishment of agricultural colleges.

THE MIDAL AND THANKS TO GRANT.

Mr. DOOLITHE (Un., Wis.) called up the joint resolution from the House, voting a gold medal and the thanks of Congress to Gen, Grant. It was referred to the Millitary Committee.

THE ENROLLMENT ACT.

Mr. LANE (Un., Ind.) introduced a bill to amend the conforment act, so as to strike out the \$500 commutation, and to increase the pay of the rank and file of the army, of which he half given previous notice, and to increase the pay of the rank and file of the army, of which he half given previous notice, and to increase the pay of the rank and file of the army, of which he half given previous notice, and to increase the pay of the rank and file of the army, of which he half given previous notice, and to increase the pay of the Tank and file of the army, of which he half given previous notice, and to increase the pay of the Tank and file of the army, of which he half given previous notices.

On motion of Mr. SUSSEIR (Un., Mass.), that portion of the President's message referring to foreign affairs, was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

NAYAL APPAIRS.

On motion of Mr. HALE, (Un., M. H.,) that portion of by the

preponderance and by the unsparing severity of Russia in subduing the insurgents.

Is it likely that Russia will grant in the pride of her strength what she refused in the early days of discouragement?

Would she create an independent Poland at the mere required of a Courses.

Mr. WHEON also presented resolutions of the Massa-chusetts Legislature concerning persons enlisted in the naval service of the United State.

THE PROPERTION OF SLAVERY.

Mr. Witkinson (Un., Minn.) introduced a bill to end the benefits of the act of Cougress of July 2, 18 granting pensions to persons wounded in the Ind wars in Minnesota. Referred to the Committee

The SPEAKER announced the following Stand-

onn.) INBARY-Frank (N. Y.), Washburne (Iff.), Wadsworth FRINTING - A. W. Clark (N. Y.), Baldwin (Mass.) ENROLLED BILLS—Cobb (Wis.), and Steele (N. J.)

TERMINATION OF THE RECIPEOCITY TREATY. PRESSIONS—Feeser, Chalfrann, Lane (had.), Pomercy, Bowden, Van Winkle, Sanisbary, Buckaiew.

Envolutionary Claims—Wikinson, Chaiman; Chandler, Wiles, Nesmith, Wight.

(Lates—Chriz, Chairman; Howe, Pomercy, Anthony, Mervill, Hicks, Hendricks.

District or Collegation, Richardson.

Pathent and the Pathent Optics—Cowan, Chairman; Dixon, Mervill, Wede, Willey, Henderson, Richardson.

Pathent and the Pathent Optics—Cowan, Chairman; Ten Eyek, Shierman, Bannsay, Sanisbary.

Pethent Bellidings and Gronns—Foot, Chairman; Thundrell, Griness, Henderson, Hendricks.

Tennifold, Griness, Henderson, Hendricks.

Tennifold of the Reciprocity Treaty of June 5, 1854, and moved its reference to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Eddan Ward (Henr., N. Y.) moved an amendmenter. He resolution to the Committee last session.

Mr. Morrill (Henry, N. Y.) moved an amendmenter of Committee on Ways and Means, and considered by that Committee last session.

Mr. Morrill (Henry, N. Y.) moved an amendmenter of the President to give the Government of the Reciprocity Treaty of June 5, 1854, and meyed its reference to the Committee on Ways and Means, and meyed its reference to the Committee on Ways and Means, and sent the treaty should be about the committee on the treaty should be about the committee on the Committee on Ways and Means, and sent the resolution to the Committee on Ways and Means, and sent the resolution to the Committee on Ways and Means, and sent the resolution to the Committee on Ways and Means, and sent the resolution to the Committee on Commerce.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON FRINTING, ON THE PART OF THE SENARE-DOWN, Chairman; Powell.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON ENGLISH BILLS, ON THE PART OF THE SENARE-HOWN, Clairman; Cowan, Hields,

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JOINT COMMITTEE ON ENGLISH BILLS, ON THE PART OF THE PENARE-Collemen; Cowan, Hields,

JOINT CHARLES ON ENGLISH BILLS, ON THE PART OF THE PENARE-HOWN, CHARLES, COWAN, HIELD,

Mr. ELIOH A MADE, A Based on the true principles of reciprocity. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

BUREAU OF EMANCIPATION.

Mr. ELIOT (Ch., Mass.) introduced a bill to establish a Bureau of Emancipation. Referred to a Select Committee.

Mr. ELIOT (Un., Mass.) introduced a bill to establish a Bureau of Emancipation. Referred to a Select Committee.

REPESENTATIVES FROM TENNESSEE AND LOUISIANA.

REPEISENTATIVES FEOM TENNESSEE AND LOUISIANA.

Mr. DAWES (Un., Mass.) introduced a bill providing for the election of Representatives from the States of Tennessee and Louisiana. Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. STEVENS (Un., Pa.) introduced a bill granting public lands in aid of the People's Pacific Railroad Company by the northern route. Referred to a Select Committee.

PAY OF COLORED OFFICERS, CHAPLAINS, AND MU-SICIANS.

PESTORATION OF CIVIL ACTHORITY IN CERTAIN

Mr. YEAMAN (Bor. State, Ky.) introduced a bill for
the restoration of civil authority in such States as are
not under the control of the Rebellion. Referred to the
Committee on the Judiciary.

Several bills wite introduced, and referred to the
Committee on the Judiciary, to repeal the Fugitive
Slave Law, and to amend the Constitution so as to note
in Slavery in all the States.

Mr. LOVEJOY (Un., 18.) introduced a bill providing
that ail persons held to Slavery in the States and Territories shall be declared free; all persons so declared
free shall be protected the same as white men now are
by the Constitution; any one seizing such freed persons

The Reciprocity Treaty.

On motion of Mr. Annold, a resolution was adopted
instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into
the practical working of the Reciprocity Treaty with
the British Provinces. If defects and inequalities be
discovered, then the Committee are to report
whether it is not expedient and to the mutanl advantage
of both parties to alter and amend the same, in order to
remove such objections and render it reciprocally beneficial.

Mr. MALLORY offered a resolution that, the Senate
concurring, when the two houses adjourn on Friday
next, it be to Wednesday, the 6th day of January.

Passed, 90 against 44.

The House adjourned.

THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Resolved. That the only object of the war ought to be to subjugate the armed insurrection, which, for the time being, suspended the proper relations of certain States with the Federal
Government, and to resistablish the supremacy of the Constitation and the loyal citizens of those States and the masses of
the people thereof, submitting to the authorities of the Constitation, only in our be bindered from restoring the proper relations of their respective States with the Federal Government, so far as the same is dependent on the voluntary act
of the people, by any condition except unconditional submission to the Constitution and laws of the United States. In the
language heretofore adopted by Congress, the war ought not to
be waged on our part for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or for the purpose of overthrowing or interfering with
the rights or established institutions of those States, but
to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity,
equality and rights of the several States unimpaired, and as
soon as those objects are accomplished, the war ought to

soon as those objects are accompanies, the way so as soon as those objects. Resolved. That all necessary and proper appropriations of money ought to be promptly made by this Congress for the support of the unlinary and naval forces of the Government, and all measures of legislation necessary to increase and promote the efficiency of the Army and Navy, and to maintain the public credit, ought to be adopted; that through a vigorous prosecution of the war peace on the basis of the union of the States and the supremacy of the Constitution may be most speedily obtained.

These resolutions were laid upon the table by a vote of 82 Yeas to 74 Nays.

Army and Navy in aid of the civil authorities States; since it is stated to the colored officers, chaplains, and musicians. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Stevens also introduced a bill to fix the pay of colored officers, chaplains, and musicians. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

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State of the For Holding Colorado and Nebraska to form State Governments and provide for their admission into the Union, and a bill rendling a bill enabling Colorado and Nebraska to form State Governments and provide for their admission into the Union, and a bill providing a temporary Government and provide for their admission into the Union, and a bill providing a temporary Government for the Territory of Montano, both of which were referred to the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the value of the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the value of the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the value of the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the value of the Committee on Military Affairs.

PESTORATION OF CIVIL ACTIONARY IN CERTAIN.

Mr. Verman (Bor. State, Ky.) introduced a bill for the resolution was then passed.

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